

Assistive Environmental Control BCI for Late-Stage ALS Patients

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Biomedical Engineering, Science and Health Systems

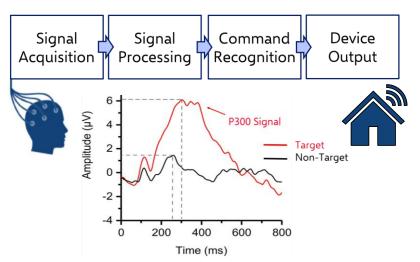


NEED

Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS) is a neurodegenerative disease resulting in loss of muscle control, or locked-in syndrome. Existing assistive technology solutions are not well suited for patients.

OBJECTIVE

Design a customizable brain-computer interface (BCI) that enables users to execute environmental controls



SOLUTION

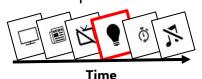
I. Caregiver can customize the BCI to better fit patient needs by selecting relevant commands



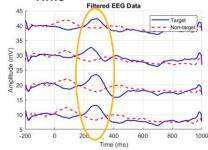


II. ALS patient equipped with EEG cap and views **RSVP** sequence

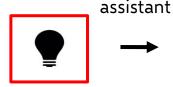




III. EEG signals filtered and processed in real-time for P300 signal



IV. Selection identified and transmitted to home







VERIFICATION

TEST	TARGET	RESULT
lcon Inter- changeability	Reflected in randomized order	PASS
Selection Speed	≤ 45 sec	PASS
Selection Accuracy	≥ 70%	FAIL
Command Execution	Home assistant completes command	PASS

CONCLUSION

Future Work ...

- (1) Adjust time synchronization to improve system accuracy (2) complete single application
 - (3) more robust home assistant connection

Impact

This BCI offers a solution for restoring autonomy of locked-in ALS patients and will open the door to more personalized assistive technology with flexible capabilities.